



# Operational overview – SOPs and trial toolkits

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### Objectives

- Understand how SOPs are used and developed at the MRC CTU
- What tools and templates are used at MRC
   CTU to ensure adherence to SOPs

### Outline of session

- What is a SOP?
- Understanding the range of SOPs required for clinical trials
- How are SOPs are developed and managed at MRC CTU
- What tool are used at MRC CTU
  - Protocol Development
  - Risk Assessment
  - Trial Documentation
  - Safety Management

### What is a SOP?

- Standard Operating Procedures
  - a set of instructions that standardises a procedure or specific function
  - writing down what you do, and do what is written down



## Why SOPs are important in CTIMPs?

1 of the 13 core principles of ICH-GCP is:

 Systems with procedures that assure the quality of every aspect of the trial should be implemented.

### The role of SOPs

- Manage compliance obligations:
  - SOPs ensure that all research conducted as part of the clinical trial follows national regulations, GCP, and institutional policies.
- Create operational efficiency:
  - SOPs ensure processes have been examined and optimised. They standardise common processes amongst all studies.
- Reduce learning curve/training of staff:
  - SOPs are a lifeline to new employees, detailing how activities are required to be performed, they act as a resource to keep everyone on the same page at all times.

### The role of SOPs

### Ensure business continuity:

 SOPs allow for continued operations in the event that a key staff member is unavailable. By referring to the SOP someone can handle an urgent task and do it correctly the first time.

### Quality Control:

 SOPs help reduce errors, or variations. They improve the quality of the data collected, thereby improving the science of the study.

### SOP structure at MRC CTU

### SOP

High level document outlining requirements for MRC/UCL sponsored studies

## Tools & Templates

Templates with standard text and indicators where trial specific details should be added

## Working Instructions

More detailed guidance and instructions including how to complete templates

### How SOPs are managed at MRC CTU

- SOPbox is a document management system
  - ensures version control
  - sends alerts when new SOPs are released
  - tracks when SOPs have been read and understood
  - produces reports to show 'read & understood' compliance
  - quiz tests understanding for each SOP

### **SOP Quiz**

### Example from Data Management SOP

What is the definition of the eDC data management model?

#### Select one:

- Use of paper CRFs which are received by and entered into the study database at the CTU
- Sites entering data directly onto eCRFs in the study database (usually from the patient notes), without recording on paper CRFs first
- Data collected on a paper CRF and then entered on to the study database at a separate location (i.e. not at the CTU)

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### SOPbox

### https://moodle.ucl.ac.uk/login/

My home / MRC CTU at UCL SOPbox







#### Welcome to SOPbox!

All MRC CTU at UCL SOPs and Policies, along with any associated Working Instructions and Tools and Templates, are found in the folders below.

SOPs and Policies are required to be read and understood according to your role, however all SOPs, Policies, Working Instructions, Tools and Templates, are accessible for all members of staff. Please refer to the training matrix below to view the SOPs that are required for your role.

Please contact the SOP Committee if you have any queries.



SOPbox User Guide



Training Matrix V56.0



Version History Summary



### Who needs to know what?

- A Training Matrix indicates which SOPs should be read by each role within the Unit
- SOPbox is programmed with this Matrix

Document	Version	Release Date	Director—Deputy Director	Programme-Project Lead/ Clinical Scientist/ Research Scientist	COM—CPM	Trial Manager	Data Manager	Trial Assistant	Data Systems Programmer	Data Scientist	Statistics	Methodology	Meta-Analysis	Epidemiology
Blinded Trials - MRC_CTU_SOP_028	3.0	27/03/2018	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes			
Clinical Input in MRC CTU at UCL Trials - MRC_CTU_SOP_08	1.0	10/01/2019	Yes	Yes	Ye:	Yes					Yes			
Completion of RGC Section in STOPOver - MRC_CTU_SOP_0	1.0	30/07/2015			Ye:	Yes	Yes			Yes				
CRF Development and Maintenance SOP - MRC_CTU_SOP_072	1.0	07/01/2019	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Data Management SOP - MRC_CTU_SOP_009	3.0	15/03/2013	Yes	Yes	Yes	 Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

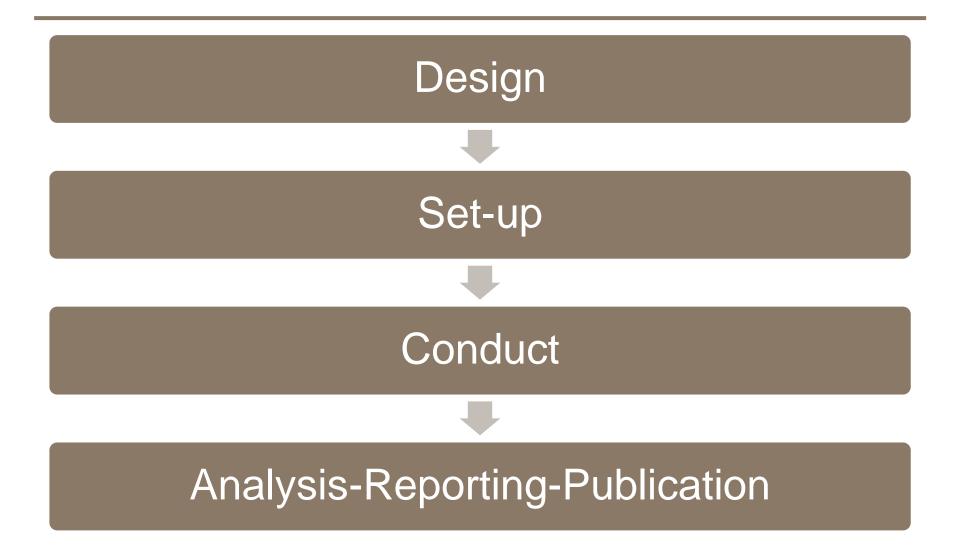
## Creating SOPs

- Author(s)
  - Often more than one person working group
- Reviewer(s)
  - Often several reviewers from different disciplines
- Approver
  - Head of functional group

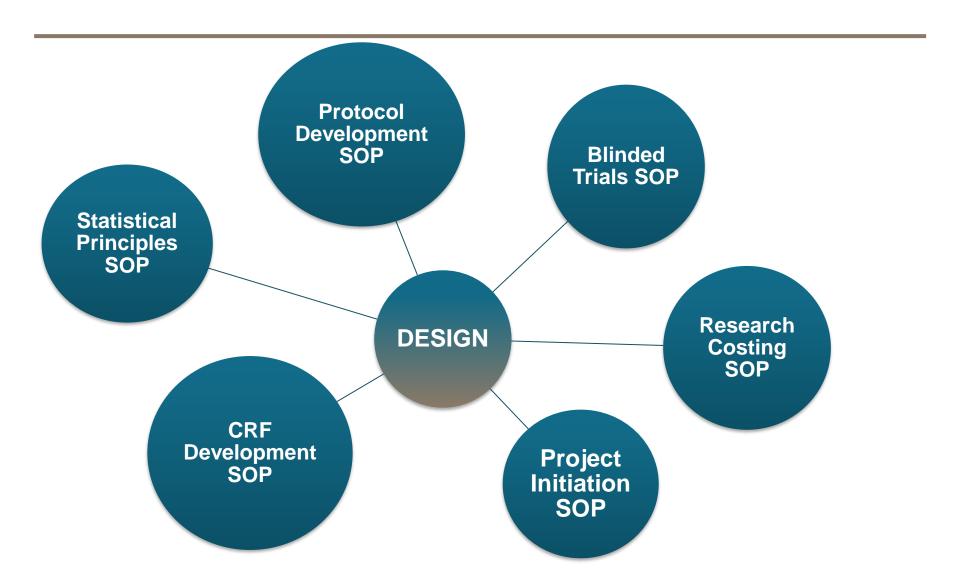
## Creating SOPs

- Author(s)
- Periodic review to ensure SOPs are fit for purpose and in line with current regulations
  - Head of functional group

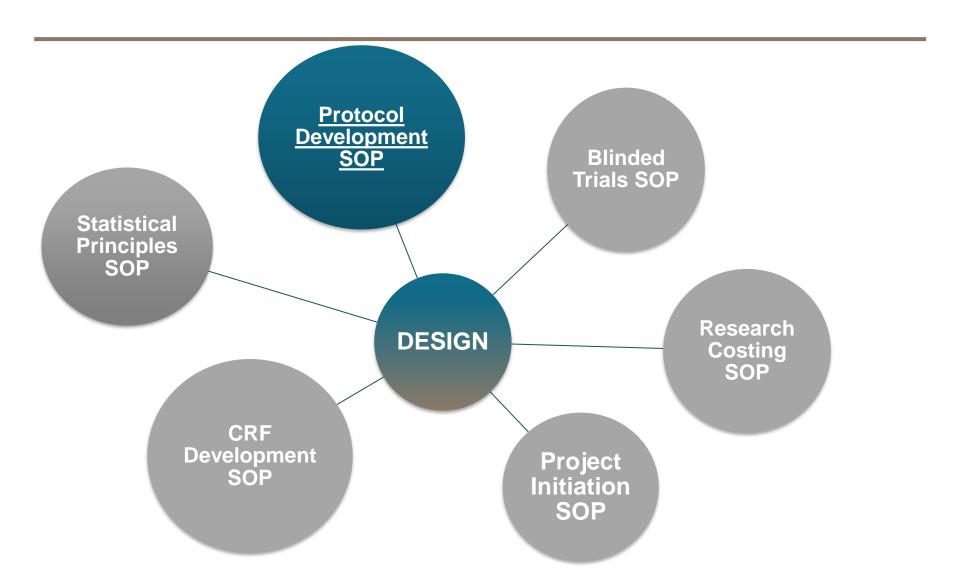
## Trial Stages



## Trial Design



## Trial Design



### Protocol Development

### What the SOP does:

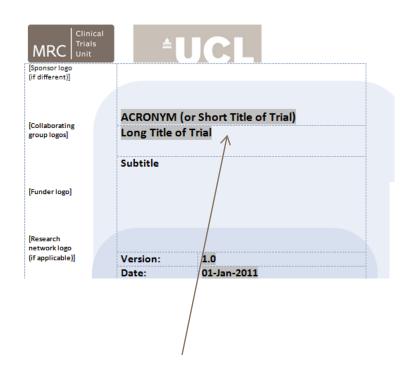
 Outlines the <u>procedures</u> for the development of a Trial Protocol and amendment of a Trial Protocol

 Defines the CTU's <u>roles and responsibilities</u> in respect to local and international regulatory requirements.

## **Protocol Template**

- Provides the recommended content and format of the Trial Protocol
  - background, objective(s), rationale, design, methodology, statistical considerations, and organisation of a trial
  - must contain all elements required by current regulatory requirements.

## Using the Protocol Template



Indicates where to add trial specific requirements

## Standard text ensures adherence to Unit SOPs

ACRONYM (or Short Title of Trial) Protocol Version 1.0 01-Jan-2011

#### 3 SELECTION OF PATIENTS

There will be no exceptions to eligibility requirements at the time of randomisation. Questions about eligibility criteria should be addressed prior to attempting to randomise the participant.

The eligibility criteria are the standards used to ensure that only medically appropriate patients are considered for this study. Patients not meeting the criteria should not join the study. For the safety of the patients, as well as to ensure that the results of this study can be useful for making treatment decisions regarding other patients with similar diseases, it is important that no exceptions be made to these criteria for admission to the study.

Participants will be considered eligible for enrolment in this trial if they fulfil all the inclusion criteria and none of the exclusion criteria as defined below.

#### 3.1 PATIENT INCLUSION CRITERIA

- [Add Text]
- [Add Text]
- [Add Text]

### **SURE Trial Protocol**

SURE Protocol Version 1.0, 18 December 2018



Co-ordinating Centres



Short intensified treatment for children with tuberculous meningitis



Funders



WKaid

National Institute for



A randomised trial of 6 months intensified anti-tuberculosis and 2 months anti-inflammatory treatment for HIV-infected and HIV-uninfected African and Asian children with tuberculous

Version: 1.0

Date: 18 Dec 2018

MRC CTU at UCL ID: SURE ISRCTN #: ISRCTN40829906

Authorised by:

Role:

meningitis

SURE

Professor Diana Gibb Chief Investigator

Date 18-Dec-2018

Name: Dr Angela Crook Role: Trial Statistician Signature:

Date: 18-Dec-2018

#### 3 SELECTION OF PATIENTS

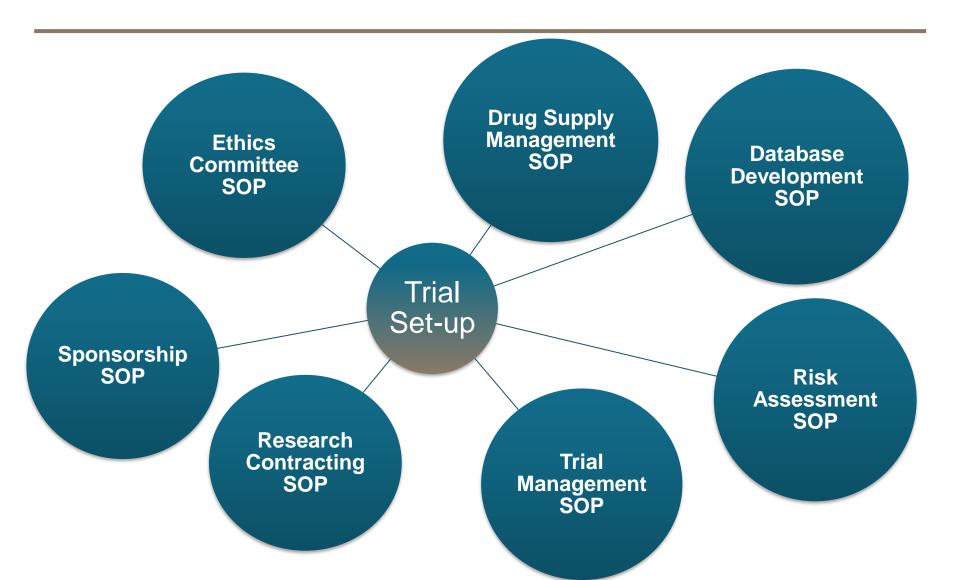
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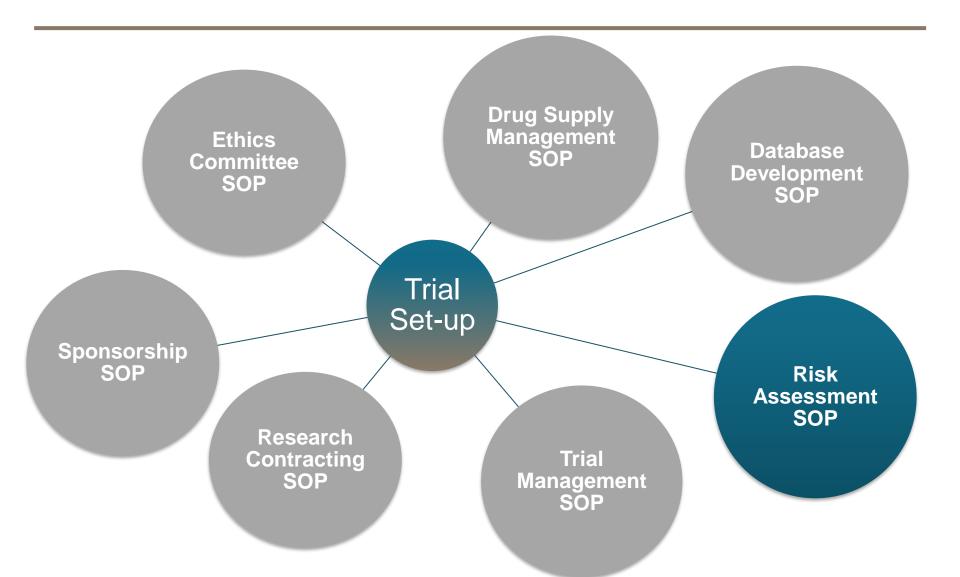
#### 3.1 PATIENT INCLUSION CRITERIA

- 1. Age: between 29 days and <15 years
- Weight: ≥3kg
- Symptoms compatible with TBM (e.g. fever, vomiting, anorexia, listlessness, headache (see Appendix 6).
- CSF result with abnormalities compatible with TBM (elevated cell count and/or protein with
  or without M. tuberculosis detected by microscopy or GeneXpert). Physician believes the
  child needs immediate initiation of anti-TB drugs.
- 5. Known (or pending confirmation of) HIV status
- Parent/legal carer give informed, written consent
- Agree for a CSF sample to be collected and processed for chemistry, microscopy, Ziehl
   Nielsen or auramine stain and mycobacterial culture (in process) and, where available, Xpert
   (Gene Xpert/Rif or Xpert Ultra) prior to commencing treatment or when clinically stable to
   do so. Where patients have already been started on ATT, pre-screening CSF results should be
   available.
- Participant's carer/parent can comply with the protocol requirements in the opinion of the site investigator
- Home address accessible for visiting and intending to remain within the recruitment area for follow up period of at least 18 months

## Trial Set-up



## Trial Set-up



### Risk Assessment

- The potential <u>hazards</u>, the <u>consequences</u> of those hazards, and for each hazard identified the risk, i.e the <u>likelihood</u> of adverse consequences and their <u>impact</u>, should be considered.
- For each hazard identified, <u>risk reduction strategies</u> should be considered.
- The SOPs and Policies in place are designed to manage the standard risks.
- RA reviewed by Research Governance Committee

## Risk Assessment - categories

#### The safety and rights of participants

- Nature of the Intervention
- Invasiveness of clinical procedures
- Vulnerability of patient group
- Data Protection and security

#### Project design and reliability of results

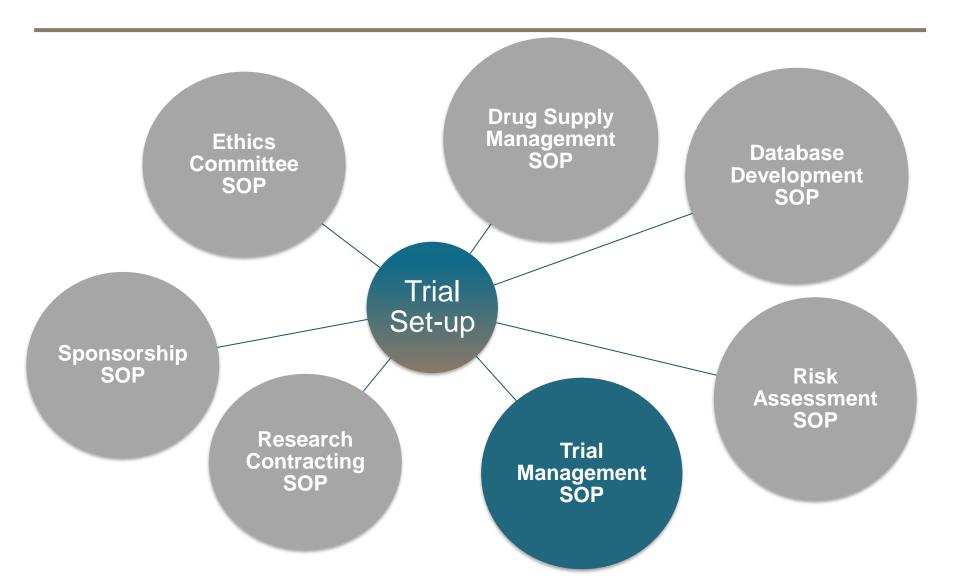
- Aspects of design that may impact reliability of results
- Use of data for product licensing
- Data collection methods

#### **Project management and governance**

- Sponsorship arrangements
- Oversight arrangements
- Organisational complexities

#### Other considerations

## Trial Set-up



### **Trial Documentation**

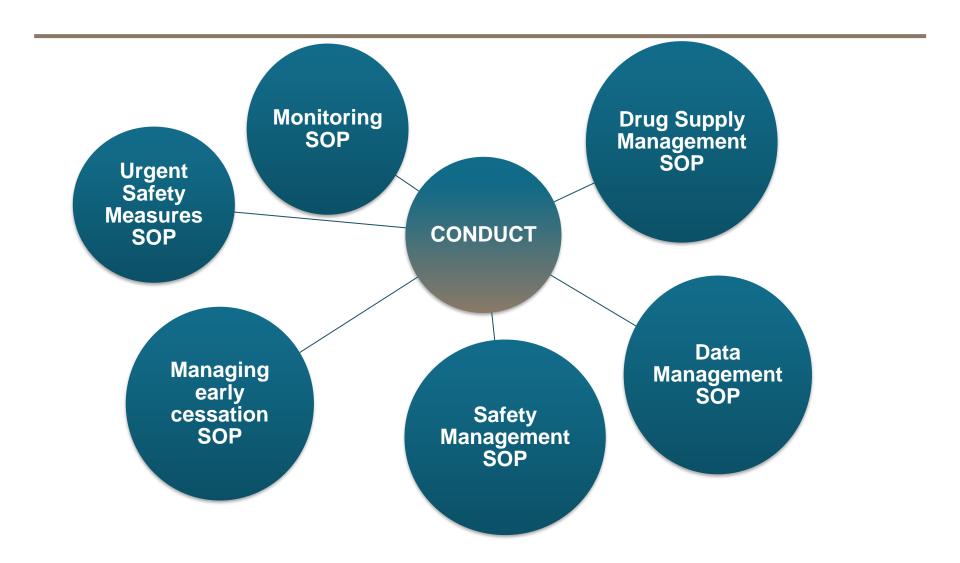
- Trial Master File (TMF)
  - Sponsor responsibility but can be delegated
  - Details the procedure for setting up and maintaining a TMF in compliance with the principles of GCP and relevant local and international regulations.
  - Identifies the documents that form the TMF and at what stage of the clinical trial they are required.

## TMF Index Template

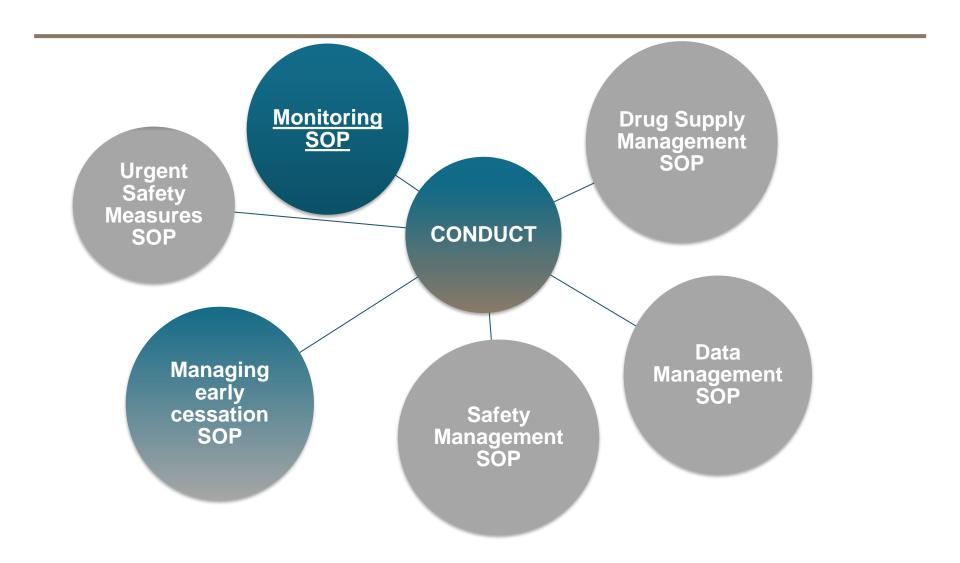
File #	Documents	<b>Description</b> Amend this section to list the documentation present in your files	Trial Master File	Investigator Site File	ICH GCP (reference only)	Comments  Note any concerns about the listed documentation and highlight known issues.  Also note where documentation is stored if not in TMF, e.g. trial drive on network, particularly as key relevant documents will need to be printed prior to archiving.
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1	Study Protocol/					
	Key documents					
1.1	Signed protocol	Current approved version	X	X	8.2.2 8.3.2	For clarity, add a summary of the versions with approval dates in each country if there have been many protocol versions.  Also add implementation dates for sites to version control summary.  See Signing Off Formal Documents SOP
1.2	Signed protocol – previous versions	Superseded approved versions (if applicable)	X	Х	8.2.2 8.3.2	All superseded versions should be kept in the TMF.  All locally approved superseded protocols should be kept in the relevant Investigator Site Files (ISFs).  Key drafts and major comments should be kept in separate working files. File note, or indicate in index, their location.
1.3.1	Sample case report forms	Current versions	Х	Х	8.2.2 8.3.2	For clarity, add a summary of the versions if there have been many changes. Also add implementation dates for sites to version control summary.

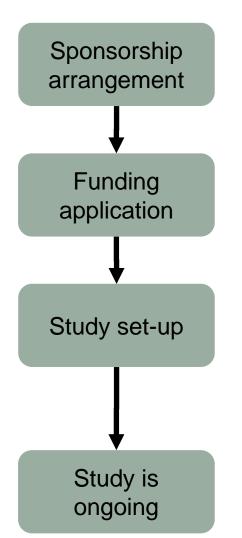
### Conduct



### Conduct



## Monitoring Strategy Lifecycle



- High level risk assessment form completed
- Consider high level monitoring needs
- Consider monitoring needs and request appropriate funding
- Study risk assessment completed identifies what requires oversight
- Monitoring Strategy devised
- Risk assessment is reviewed regularly
- Monitoring Strategy should be adapted accordingly

## Monitoring SOP

- Outlines the <u>minimum standards</u> for adequate monitoring of trials and studies managed by MRC CTU.
- Details how trial and study teams should create <u>project-specific monitoring processes</u> based on <u>project-specific risks</u>, and where these monitoring processes should be documented.
- Defines the MRC CTU <u>roles and responsibilities</u> involved in monitoring adherence to the study protocol, the principles of GCP and the applicable regulatory requirements.

## Monitoring Plan

- Monitoring Plan
  - includes appropriate and specific mitigation strategies to manage the risks identified in the risk assessment

#### Risk

Drug must be kept refrigerated

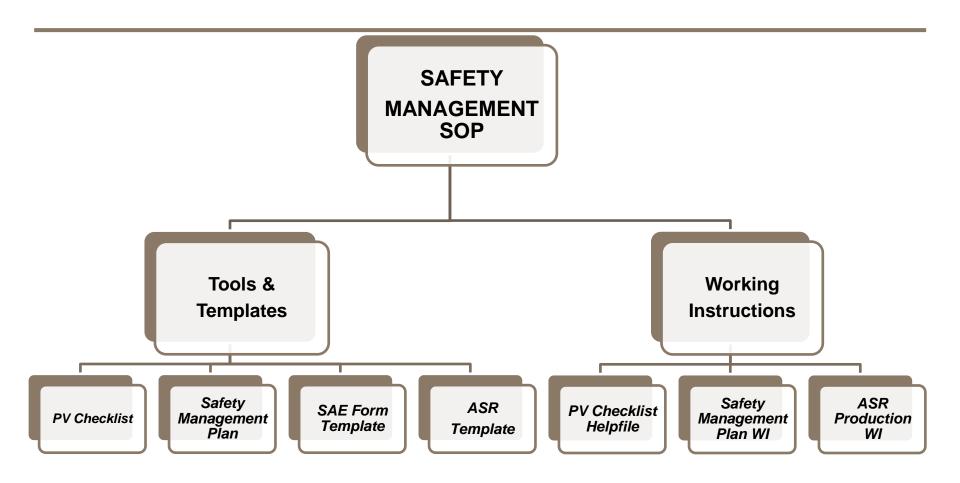
#### **Monitoring Strategy**

Check the physical storage conditions in the local pharmacy during an initial on site visit and ongoing central collection of temperature logs

## Safety Management

- Needs to be considered during design, set-up and conduct stages.
- GCP states the Sponsor is responsible for the on-going safety evaluation of the IMP
- Ensures appropriate recording and reporting of adverse events in order to ensure the continuing safety of study participants.

## Safety Management SOP



## Pharmacovigilance (PV) Checklist

- Following identification of risks, each trial will complete a trial specific PV Checklist in which each aspect of safety management will be considered and responsibilities will be assigned.
  - Clinical review of SAEs
  - Medical coding
  - Reference safety information
  - Pregnancy risks

## Safety Management Plan

- Describe the <u>specific</u> safety management and related activities in the trial.
- Updated throughout the life of the trial to reflect any changes in safety management procedures.
- Contains <u>detailed working practices</u> related to each aspect of safety management, which are adequate for everyday use.
- Used in conjunction with the trial protocol and PV checklist

## SAE Form Template

- Ensures all information required for regulatory reporting is collected
  - Seriousness criteria
  - Causality assessment
  - Expectedness assessment
- Standard template is helpful for database development

## Summary

- SOPs ensure research conducted following national regulations, GCP and institutional policies.
  - help reduce errors or variations
  - allow operation efficiency
- SOPs should be supplemented with tools and templates to ensure adherence