



CAREER PATHWAY FOR CLINICAL RESEARCH NURSES

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PRESENTATION OBJECTIVES

At the end of this presentation, participants would understand the:

What?

Why?

Why
Not?

Who?

How?

Clinical (Nursing) Research



OUTLINE

- What? – Introduction, Definitions
- Who? – who is a clinical research nurse?
- Why? - Importance, Nursing Implications
- Why not – Barriers/Challenges
- How? – Becoming a Clinical Research Nurse
- Conclusion
- Q & A



WHAT IS CLINICAL NURSING RESEARCH?

- **Nursing research is:**
 - a **systematic inquiry** designed to **develop knowledge**
 - **about issues of importance** to the nursing profession,
 - including nursing **practice, education, administration,** and **informatics.**

- **Clinical Nursing research**
 - research that provides evidence
 - designed to guide and support nursing practices
 - helps to develop and refine nursing theories and principles needed to improve the health and quality of the life of clients – **EBP**



WHY CLINICAL NURSING RESEARCH?



- to review:
 - service rendered/received
 - conditions of the services
 - clinical outcomes of the service
 - other information concerning those services

It enables the researcher to:

- **answer** relevant questions,
- **evaluate** outcomes and
- **make predictions** about future probabilities and trends.

WHY CLINICAL NURSING RESEARCH?

- Academic Requirement
- For promotion/ career progression
- Quest to make relevant contribution to nursing



The **ultimate aim** is to promote health, prevent diseases and improve the quality of care rendered

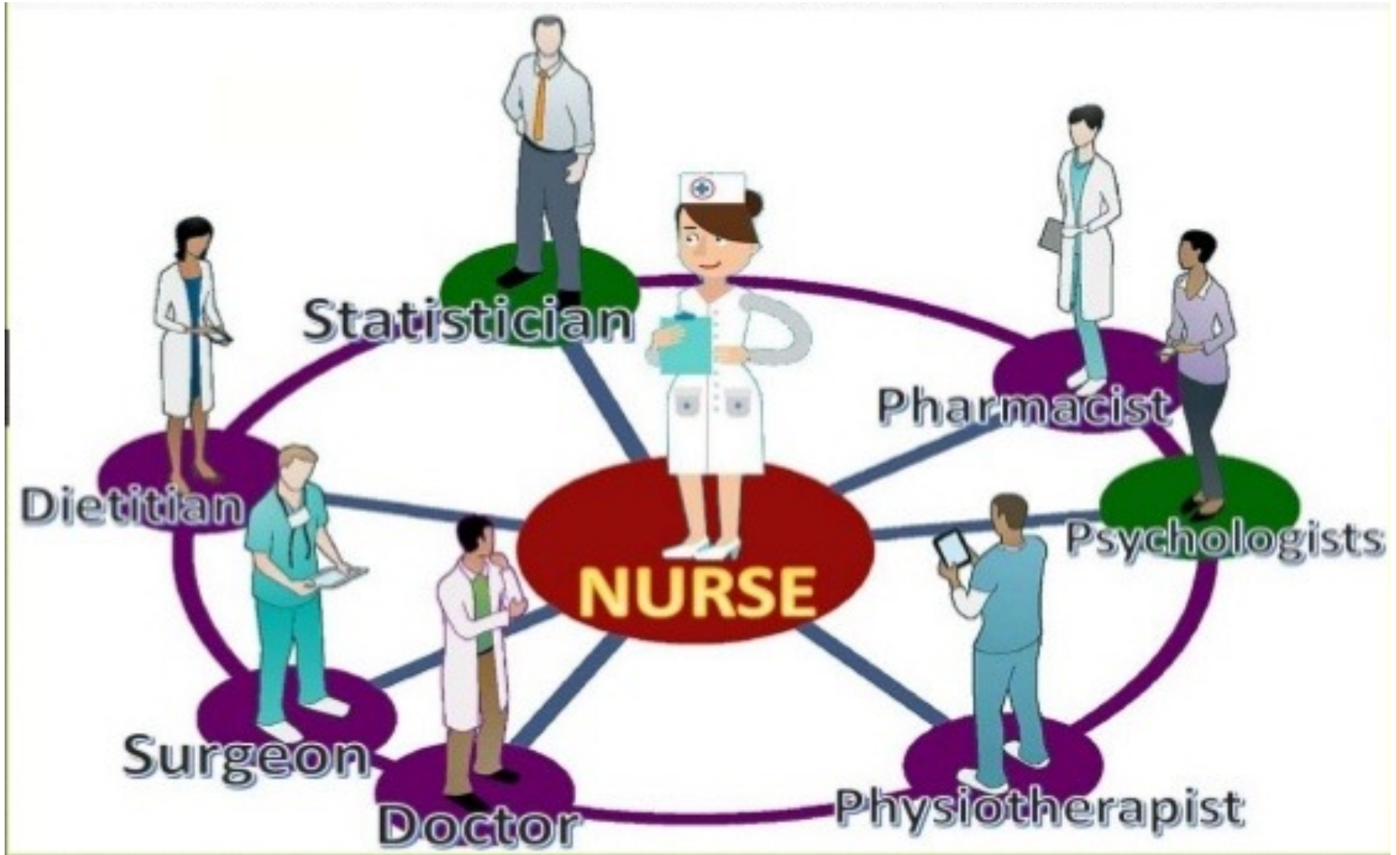
BARRIERS TO CLINICAL NURSING RESEARCH

- little interest in conducting studies
 - no connection between the research and the nurses' activities
 - No perceived need for scientific change
- lack of sufficient time
 - for conducting research
 - for implementing the new ideas
- lack of adequate facilities to implement the ideas
- lack of authority to change the methods and patterns of care

- WHY
NOT?



WHO IS A CLINICAL RESEARCH NURSE?



WHO IS A CLINICAL RESEARCH NURSE?

Overtime nurses have assumed different roles in research

- Identifier of researchable problems
- Member of a research team
- Evaluator of research findings
- User of research findings
- Patient/client advocate during studies
- Subject/participant in studies
- **Principal Investigator –**
 - we tend to play our roles actively in **all except this**



THE CLINICAL RESEARCH NURSE REQUIREMENTS



- Knowledge
- Experience
- Training
- (Desirable) Qualifications
- Skills



THE CLINICAL RESEARCH NURSE

SKILLS

- reliability,
- organization,
- communication,
- (self)motivation, self-discipline
- critical thought
- problem-solving
- decision-making
- project management – develop protocols, manage resources
- writing.....



How?

BECOMING A CLINICAL RESEARCH NURSE

- The career path of a clinical research nurse is both **rewarding** and **challenging**.



- Academic path
- Technical path
- Professional path and

- or a unique blend of the three



How?

BECOMING A CRN

- **Academic Path**

- RN
- Post-Basic
- BNSc.
- MSc.
- PhD/DNP (US)



- **Assume a major role in the conduct of research.**

- **To:**

- Generate nursing knowledge in a selected area of interest
- Extend scientific basis
- Develop methods to measure nursing phenomena



How?

BECOMING A CRN

- Professional Path



- Assumes a **full researcher role** and has a funded program of research
- Develops and coordinates **funded** research programs



How?

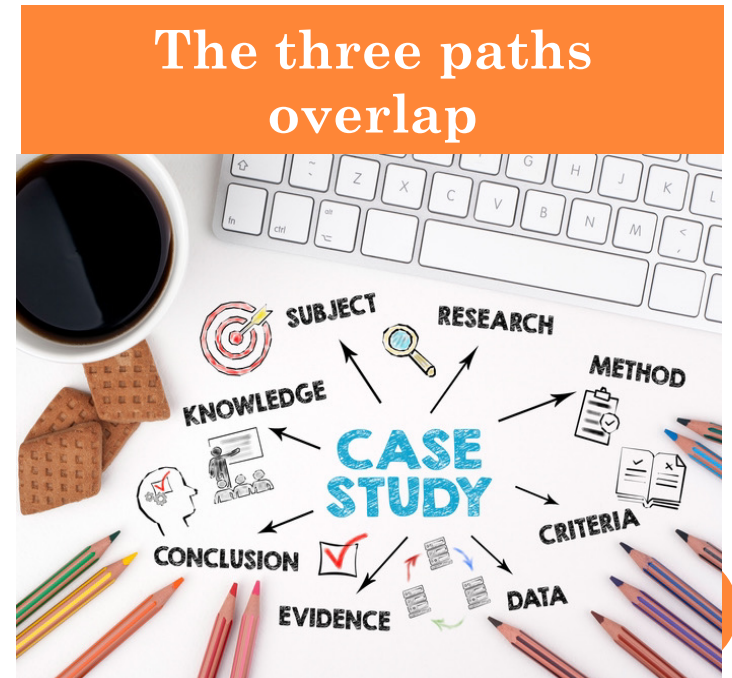
BECOMING A CRN

○ Technical Path

- The Nurse gathers information in order to **answer a question** and **solve a nursing problem**

○ e.g.

- Efficacy of a nursing care approach – patients' responses to medical or Nursing Intervention (EBP)
- outcome achieved with the provision of health care services.
- Patients satisfaction with the health outcomes care received and the health care provider.



THE CRN ROLE

BENEFITS AND DRAWBACKS

Benefits

The opportunity to:

- use analytical and research skills
- Conduct research to international standards
- Travel to investigator meetings and conferences nationally and internationally
- Discuss research projects and network with others in this field
- Enhance academic career development
- Improve treatments for patients
- More regular hours – no shift work

Drawbacks

- Dealing with research jargon
- Less contact with colleagues and frequently work in isolation
- Other nurses might view the CRN as a data collector
- Short-term contracts
- Sometimes need to arrange annual leave around studies in progress
- Less direct patient contact

THE CRN ROLE

PAY SCALES/ FUNDING

- \$65,000 – \$96,000/ annum (\$31-46/hour)
- **Grading**
 - is based on the individual's clinical expertise, responsibilities, accountability, autonomy, management/ supervisory position and educational qualifications.
 - **negotiation** on grading is possible between clinical research nurses and their employers.
- **CRN roles are financed by:**
 - Grants
 - income generated by clinical therapeutic trials
 - **Self sponsorship**



TO WRAP UP...

- It is time to reevaluate our roles in clinical research
- Principal investigators
- It is high time to **actively participate** in grand rounds with other healthcare team members on a regular basis (**Nurses: A voice to lead**).
- Form an EBP committee within your unit or facility.
- Start a nursing journal club
- Research is not a “waste of time”
 - Need it for evidence-based practice – confidence in your practice, improve client outcome
 - Need it for professional relevance
- Change the narrative – publish your work



CONCLUSION

Nurses do
a lot of Work

It is time to let it show...

Because
if we don't
Who Will?



**THANK YOU FOR LISTENING
QUESTIONS PLEASE?**

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