



Nanopore data

Alp Aydin QIB

**So you've sequenced your DNA –
now what?**



Basic DNA formats

fasta format

```
>sample1  
ACGAGCTAGCTAGCTGATCGATGCTA
```

>Label
DNA sequence

fastq format

```
@sample1  
CACGTAGCTAGCTAGCTGATCGATG  
+  
><==??24114==?;;=@@342@2
```

@Label
DNA sequence
+
Q scores



MinNOW data output

- MinNOW will output fast5 data into “C:/data/” by default (in a folder with your run name)
- If you turn on live basecalling, it will output both fast5 and fastq files
- MinNOW temporarily creates .raw files as it is sequencing before transferring to fast5
- If a run is stopped early, let MinNOW run to transfer .raw files to fast5
- If not, you will need to run the recover_reads command manually



MinNOW data options

- Live basecalling (both configs)
- Demultiplexing
- Trimming barcodes
- Basecalling existing data
- Compression options (gzip) – many software actually take this format directly



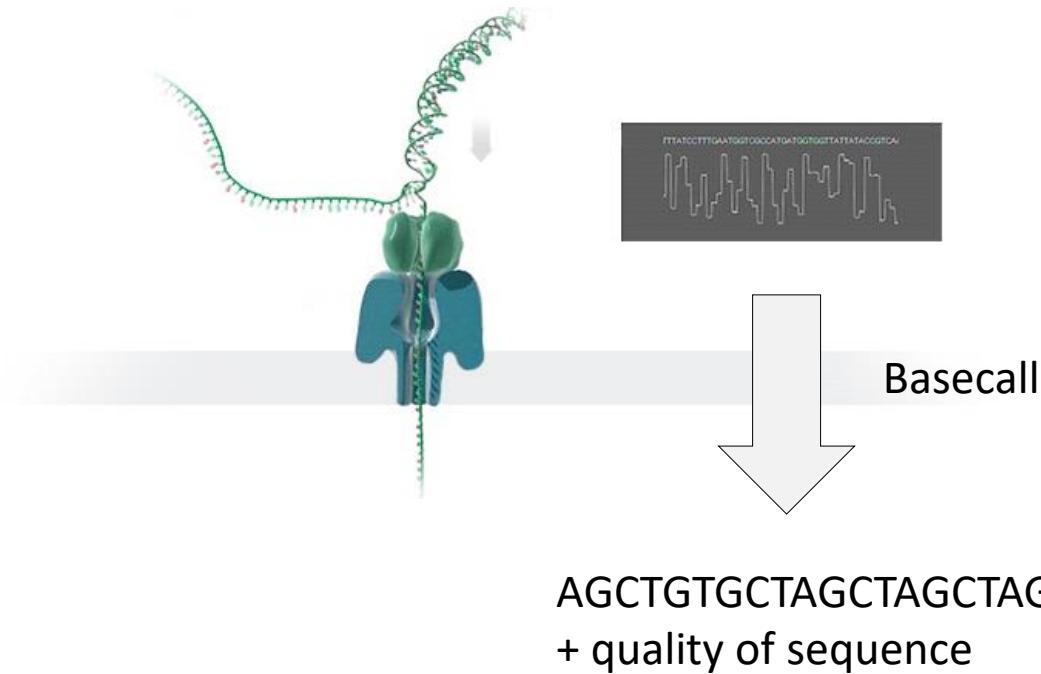
Data size

- 100 gigabases of data
- fast5 = 2 terrabytes
- fast5 gzipped = 1.1 TB
- fastq = 200 gigabytes
- fastq gzipped = 112 gigabytes
- Raw data extremely large but may be useful
- Re-basecall with new updates and features
- E.g. base modification (methylation)
- Own decision on what to keep



Basecalling

Raw data to standard readable DNA sequence format



Fast5

Basecall

Fastq



Basecalling

- Fast and high accuracy options



Sample Type	Model Name	Raw Read Accuracy	Basecalling Speed on MinIT
DNA	Fast basecalling	92.1%	~166k bases/s
	High-accuracy basecalling	95.0%	~22k bases/s
RNA	High-accuracy basecalling	93.9%	~23k bases/s

De-multiplexing

CACAAAGACACCGACAACTTTCTTGCGCAGCATGCTACTGAGTCGTATTACTG.....

ACAGACGACTACAAACGGGAATCGATCTTATCAGGGGTCTATCTCTCGCGAGCATGCGA.....

CACAAAGACACCGACAACTTTCTTCGAGTCGATCGATCGATCGTAGCTAGCTA.....

ACAGACGACTACAAACGGGAATCGAGGTGGGTGTATATCTGCTAGCTAGCTAGCTAGCAGCT.....

CACAAAGACACCGACAACTTTCTTATCGTAGTATATATTATATATGCTAGCTAGCAGCT.....



De-multiplexing

Barcode 1 sequences

CACAAAGACACCGACAAC~~TTTCTT~~GCGCAGCATGCTACTGAGTCGTATTACTG.....

CACAAAGACACCGACAAC~~TTTCTT~~ATCGTAGTATATATTATATATGCTAGCTAGCAGCT....

CACAAAGACACCGACAAC~~TTTCTT~~CGAGTCGATCGATCGATCGTAGCTAGCTA.....

Barcode 2 sequences

ACAGACGACTACAAAC~~GGGAATCGA~~GGTGGGTGTATATCTGCTAGCTATGCTAGCTAGCAGCT....

ACAGACGACTACAAAC~~GGGAATCGA~~TCTTATCAGGGGTCTATCTCGCGAGCATGCGA.....

Tools: Guppy or EPI2ME or qcat



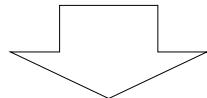
Trimming

Barcode 1 sequences

CACAAAGACACCGACAAC**TTTCTT**GCGCAGCATGCTACTGAGTCGTATTACTG.....



CACAAAGACACCGACAAC**TTTCTT**ATCGTAGTATATATTATATATGCTAGCTAGCAGCT....



GCGCAGCATGCTACTGAGTCGTATTACTG.....

ATCGTAGTATATATTATATGCTAGCTAGCAGCT....

Guppy (standalone)

Example command:

```
"C:\Program Files\OxfordNanopore\ont-guppy-cpu\bin\guppy_basecaller.exe"  
--input_path C:\my_folder\reads --save_path C:\output_folder\basecall --config  
dna_r9.4.1450bps_fast.cfg
```

Q-score filtering

Demultiplex

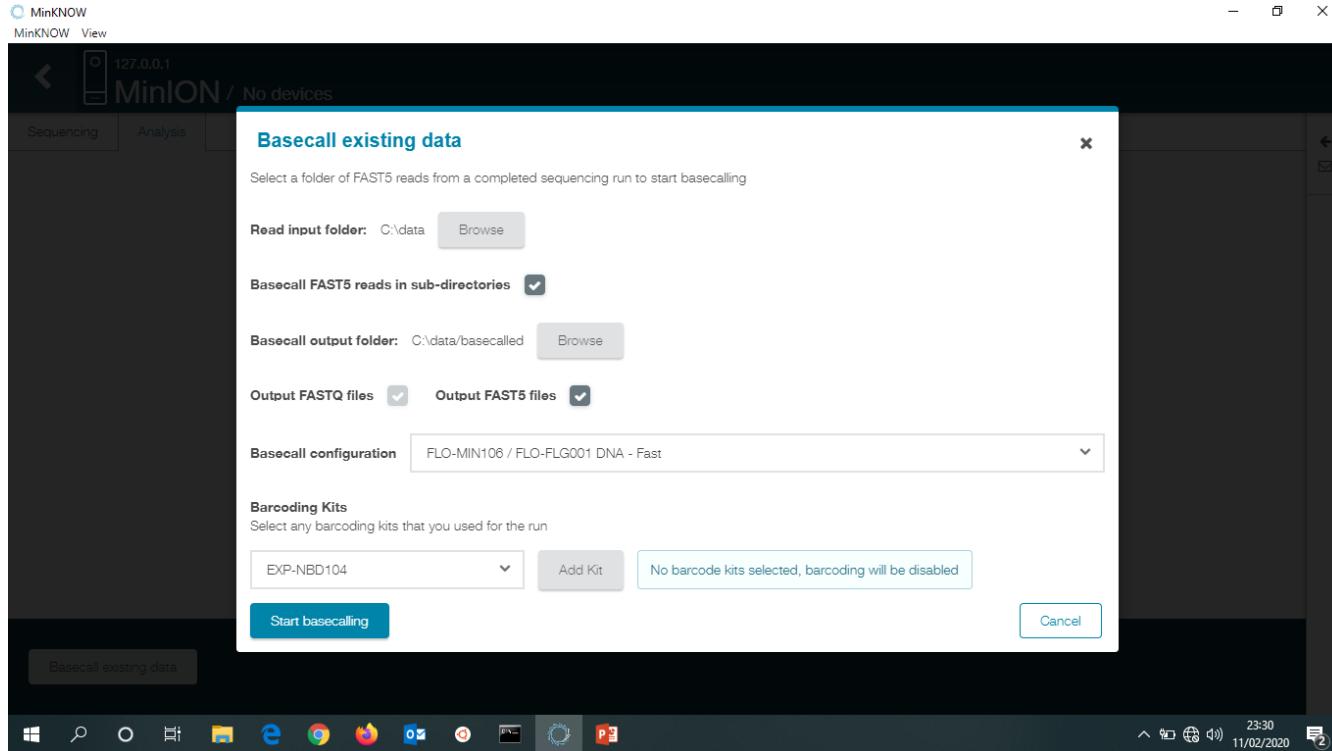
Trimming

Compress

Resume option



Life is easier now



Computer requirements

Minimum for sequencing

Component	Configuration		
Operating System	Windows	Mac	Linux
	7, 8, 10 (64 bit)	Yosemite El Capitan Sierra (64 bit)	Ubuntu 14.4*
Memory/RAM:	16GB RAM		
CPU	i7 or Xeon**		
Storage	1TB SSD		
Ports	USB3***		

* Linux products are offered under limited support and may take the team longer to respond to queries

** Users need to verify their i7 is a four core model or better.

*** The MinION device is CE marked using USB3. If a user wished to use USBC they may but this invalidates the CE marking



MinIT and Mk1c

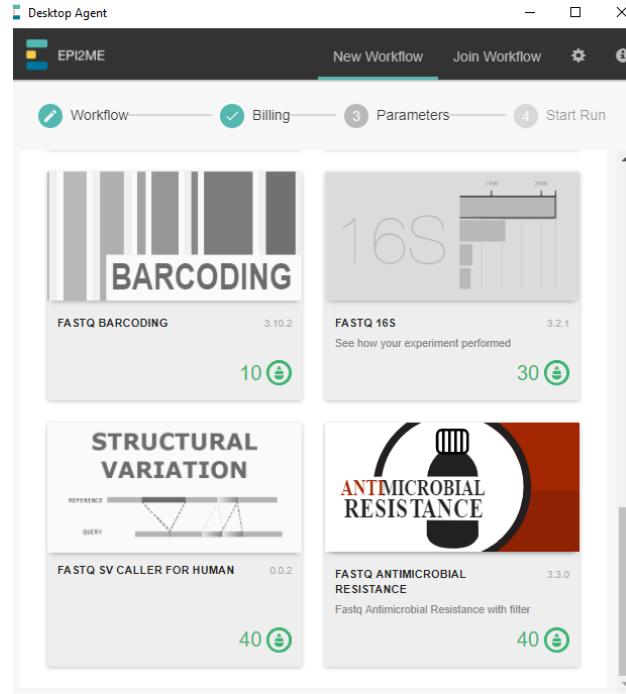


1 TB



EPI2ME

ONT's cloud-based analysis platform. Command-free



Metagenomic workflows

16S

FASTQ 16S 3.2.2

Taxonomic assignment for 16S amplicons

30 🍀

What's in my pot?

FASTQ WIMP 3.2.2

20 🍀

ANTIMICROBIAL
RESISTANCE

FASTQ ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE 3.3.2

Fastq Antimicrobial Resistance with filter

40 🍀

